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Washington D.C. 20231
Box Patent Applications

Case Docket No. FUJ 17.974
Filed by Express Mail
(Receipt No. EL522395564US)
on November 20, 2000
pursuant to 37 CFR 1.10
by Lydia Gonzalez

S I R:

Transmitted herewith for filing is: ☒ a new application
☐ a c-i-p application of S.N. _____ filed _____

Inventor(s): Satoru FUKUSHIMA; Kensuke KAWAI; Yasuhiro TSUCHIYA; Yasutaka IWASAKI

For **A COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND TRANSIT DEVICE HAVING A
CALL-HOLD FUNCTION AND A METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE
FUNCTION**

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 20 sheets of drawings.(Figs. 1-2A,2B,3-6,7A,7B,8,9A,9B,10A,10B,11-21)
- ☒ Specification, including claims and abstract (23 pages)
- ☒ Declaration
- ☒ An assignment of the Invention to FUJITSU LIMITED
- ☒ A certified copy of Japanese Application No(s). 2000-035042
- ☒ An associate power of attorney
- ☐ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27
- ☒ Post card
- ☒ Recording fee (as indicated below)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement, PTO-1449, copies of _____ references
- ☒ Other Preliminary Amendment
- ☐ Other _____

	Col. 1	Col. 2
FOR:	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA
BASIC FEE		
TOTAL CLAIMS	7-20 =	0
INDEP CLAIMS	4-3 =	1
<input type="checkbox"/> MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS PRESENTED		

*If the difference in Col. 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in Col. 2

SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	FEE
	\$355
x 9 =	\$
X 40 =	\$
x 135 =	\$
TOTAL	\$355

OTHER THAN A SMALL ENTITY	
RATE	FEE
	\$710
x 18 =	\$
x 80 =	\$ 80
x 270 =	\$
TOTAL	\$790

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Respectfully Submitted,

Date: 11/20/00

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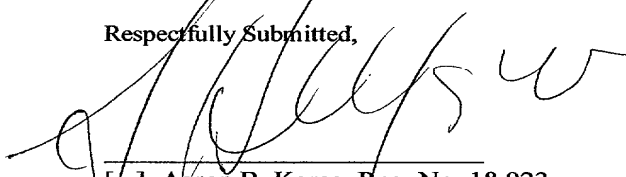
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☐ Brian S. Myers, Reg. No. 46,947

THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of: **Satoru FUKUSHIMA et al.**

Filed : **Concurrently herewith**

For : **A COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND TRANSIT
DEVICE HAVING A CALL-HOLD FUNCTION AND
A METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE FUNCTION**

Serial No. : **Concurrently herewith**

November 20, 2000

Assistant Commissioner of Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

S I R:

Prior to the issuance of an Office Action, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the following claims:

Claim 5, line 1, change "according to claim 1 or 2" to --
claim 1--.

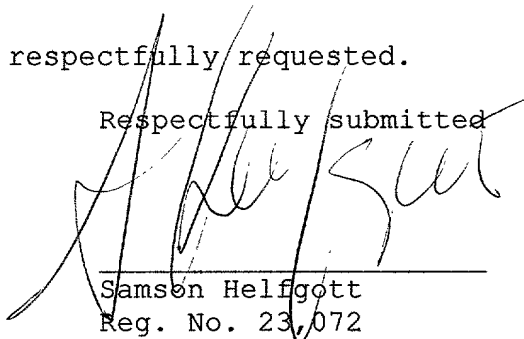
R E M A R K S

This amendment has been filed to avoid improper multiple dependent claims.

Favorable consideration is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted

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charged on Deposit Acct. No. 08-1634



Samson Helfgott
Reg. No. 23,072

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NEW YORK, NY 10118
DOCKET NO.: FUJ17.974
LHH:priority

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on 11/20/00
pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.10.
by Benzalet

A COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND TRANSIT DEVICE
HAVING A CALL-HOLD FUNCTION
AND A METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE FUNCTION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to a communication system, and more particularly to a communication device and a transit device having a call-hold function and a method for controlling the call-hold function.

A technique, called the Internet Telephony, is spreading rapidly in recent years to perform a voice communication by storing voice information in an Internet Protocol (abbreviated to IP) packet as a means to integrate voice with data.

Such services as call hold, call transfer and call diversion are being studied and stipulated recently by the International Recommendations as the supplementary services of the Internet Telephony voice services. The present invention is related to this call hold, which offers such services as to interrupt a speech temporarily and give a holding tone.

Accordingly, an apparatus and a method for performing the call-hold operation effectively and economically is in great demand.

Description of the Related Art

The Internet Telephony (or Voice Over IP: VoIP) provides voice services by using the IP message. Fig. 1 shows a configuration of the Internet Telephony system.

An Internet telephone (IP-TEL) or a personal computer (PC)

equipped with a microphone (MIC) and a speaker (SPKR) to realize a telephone function performs voice communication by storing voice information in the IP message transmitted in an IP network of a local area network (LAN). It also performs voice communication in the same way over different LANs through a digital exchange network (DGTL EXCH NTWK) and a router for routing a packet in the network.

The IP-TEL and PC (hereinafter, generally called End Point: EP) convert voice information into an IP packet and transmit the packet to the IP network, and also receive an IP packet from the IP network and convert the packet into voice information to output as an audible sound.

A Gate Keeper (hereinafter abbreviated to GK) stores therein and manages the EPs' addresses within the IP network, i.e., IP addresses which correspond to the EPs' telephone numbers (or locally allotted numbers within a LAN) and performs functions such as three-party calling and call diversion.

Figs. 2A and 2B show system configurations in which the present invention is implemented, wherein an EP (i.e., IP-TEL or PC) performs voice communication directly and through a GK, respectively with a counterpart EP in the Internet Telephony system shown in Fig. 1.

Figs. 3-6 show the signalling sequence of the call control messages for call set-up, speech, call hold and call disconnect operations conducted on the IP network (refer to ITU-T Recommendations H.225.0 and H.245). The message names conform to the notation used in the Recommendations. There are two call-hold methods stipulated by ITU-T Recommendation H.450.4: method 1 (Near-End Call Hold method) and method 2 (Remote-End Call Hold method).

Figs. 3 and 4 show the signalling sequence according to methods 1 and 2, respectively when communication takes place directly between the

EPs. Figs. 5 and 6 show the signalling sequence according to methods 1 and 2, respectively when communication takes place between the EPs through the GK.

In a case, too, where communication takes place between the EPs belonging to different LANs, the signalling sequence is the same except that the signals go through a digital network existing between the LANs as shown in Fig. 1. The call hold occurs in the period shown by * in the figures, during which speech is in progress.

Figs. 7A and 7B show the format of an IP message transmitted within the IP network (for details, refer to the ITU-T Recommendations enclosed in parentheses in the figure). Fig. 7B shows the details of H.225.0 Q.931 Header shown in Fig. 7A, in which the later-described call-hold request and reply signals exchanged between the EPs are specified in the Information Element Type field as User-User Information.

Fig. 8 shows the detailed message for transmitting voice and holding-tone information, which is specified in the RTP Header shown in Fig. 7A. In Fig. 8, the Source address and Destination address of the IP Header show IP addresses of the call originator (calling EP) and terminator (called EP), respectively in the IP network. The voice and holding-tone information is specified as payload data.

When to communicate via the GK, for example, in the IP network based on the aforesaid International Rules, the calling EP requests the GK to set up a call by specifying the telephone numbers of its own and the destination EP in the H.225.0 Q.931 Header. Since the GK previously stores therein and manages the IP addresses corresponding to the phone numbers of EPs, it can recognize the IP addresses of source and destination EPs. Also, as for the aforesaid call-control message, since the GK knows previously the IP addresses of both calling and called EPs,

it can perform the call control.

After completion of a call set-up sequence by using the H.225.0 Q.931 Header, the H.245 Header for controlling voice channel information is transmitted. Under control of the H.245 Header, the destination of the voice information (RTP Header) is confirmed between the EPs. On completing the control by the H.245 Header, the EPs exchange the voice information (RTP Header), bypassing the GK.

Figs. 9A and 9B show the signalling sequence for controlling call hold. Of the two methods for controlling call hold stipulated by ITU-T Recommendation H.450.4, Fig. 9A shows method 1 (Near-End Call Hold method) and Fig. 9B shows method 2 (Remote-End Call Hold method). Although Figs. 9A and 9B show an example in which the EPs communicate directly with each other, the signalling sequence between the EPs is the same even when they communicate via the GK, since the GK only relays the call-hold control signals.

In Fig. 9A, while voice communication is in progress, the holding EP transmits the Near-End Call Hold request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[holdNotific.inv] message) to forcibly place the held EP in a hold condition. On receipt of the request signal, the held EP recognizes call hold and enters the hold condition. The holding EP further transmits music/video information to the held EP and based on the information, the held EP gives a holding tone or displays an image indicating a call hold.

In Fig. 9B, while voice communication is in progress, the holding EP transmits the Remote-End Call Hold request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) to the held EP. The held EP returns the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.rr] message) and recognizes call hold. Then, the held EP enters the

hold condition and generates music and/or video information by itself to provide music on hold and/or display a video image on hold.

Thus, according to the conventional method, when the call-hold method which the holding EP supports differs from that the held EP supports, especially when the holding EP supports only the Remote-End Call Hold function and the held EP supports only the Near-End Call Hold function, it is a problem that call hold cannot be achieved even though both EPs have the call-hold function.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a communication device, a transit device and a method that can perform the call-hold function efficiently and economically even when the call hold methods which the holding and held EPs support differs from each other.

To achieve the above and other objects, the present invention is constructed as follows:

(1) In a communication device which performs communication with an other party in a communication network and which has a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the other party and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the other party and by receiving a response signal, the present invention provides a detector and a hold controller. The detector detects whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is transmitted. In dependence upon the detecting by the detector, the hold controller generates the first request signal and transmits the generated first request signal to the other party.

(2) In a communication network including a first communication

device, a second communication device and a transit device which relays communication between the first and second communication devices, the first communication device having a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the second communication device and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the second communication device and by receiving a response signal, the present invention provides a detector and a hold controller in the transit device. The detector detects whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is relayed. In dependence upon the detecting by the detector, the hold controller generates the first request signal and transmits the generated first request signal to the second communication device. It also generates the response signal and transmits the generated response signal to the first communication device.

Therefore, the present invention provides a communication device, a transit device and a method that can perform the call-hold function efficiently and economically even when the call hold methods which the holding and held communication devices support differ from each other.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows a configuration of the Internet Telephony system;

Figs. 2A and 2B show system configurations in which the present invention is implemented;

Figs. 3 and 4 show the signalling sequence according to methods 1 and 2, respectively when communication takes place directly between the EPs;

Figs. 5 and 6 show the signalling sequence according to methods 1

and 2 when communication takes place between the EPs through the GK;

Figs. 7A and 7B show the format of an IP message transmitted within the IP network;

Fig. 8 shows the detailed message for transmitting voice and holding-tone information;

Figs. 9A and 9B show the signalling sequence for controlling call hold;

Figs. 10A and 10B are system-configuration diagrams illustrating the embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 11 is a timing chart (part 1) illustrating the operation of the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 12 is a timing chart (part 2) illustrating the operation of the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 13 is a timing chart (part 1) illustrating the operation of the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 14 is a timing chart (part 2) illustrating the operation of the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 15 and Fig. 16 are block diagrams of the EP and the GK respectively, of the embodiment of the present invention;

Figs. 17-18 are flowcharts illustrating the operation of the EP of the embodiment of the present invention; and

Figs. 19-21 are flowcharts illustrating the operation of the GK of the embodiment of the present invention.

Throughout the above-mentioned drawings, identical reference numerals are used to designate the same or similar component parts.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The communication device and transit device having a call-hold

function and the method for controlling the call-hold function of the present invention is explained below, referring to the figures.

Figs. 10A and 10B are the system-configuration diagrams for illustrating the first and second embodiment of the present invention, respectively. Fig. 10A shows an example in which End Point EPb supports only the "Remote-End Call Hold" function (or method 2), EPc supports only the "Near-End Call Hold" function (or method 1) and EPa has the function according to the present invention. Fig. 10B shows an example in which both EPa and EPc support only the "Remote-End Call Hold" function (or method 2), EPb supports only the "Near-End Call Hold" function (or method 1) and a Gate Keeper (abbreviated to GK) has the function according to the present invention.

Here, the EP supporting the "Near-End Call Hold" function is defined as follows. As a holding EP, when a "hold" key is activated for example, while a call is in progress, it transmits to the held EP the "Near-End Call Hold" request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[holdNotification.inv] message) along with holding-tone information and enters a hold condition. As a held EP, upon receipt of the request signal, it sounds a holding tone based on the received holding-tone information and enters the hold condition.

The EP supporting the "Remote-End Call Hold" function is defined as follows. As a holding EP, when a "hold" key is activated for example, while a call is in progress, it transmits to the held EP the "Remote-End Call Hold" request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) and when replied with "Remote-End Call Hold" reply signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.rr] message), enters the hold condition. As a held EP, upon receipt of the request signal, it returns the "Remote-End Call Hold" reply signal, generates a holding tone by

itself and enters the hold condition.

Fig. 11 is a timing chart (part 1) illustrating the operation of the first embodiment of the present invention, in a situation where in Fig. 10A, the holding EPa having the function according to the present invention communicates directly with the held EPb supporting only the Remote-End Call Hold function.

When the "hold" key is activated (2) while the EPa-originated call is in progress (1), the holding EPa transmits to the held EPb the "Remote-End Call Hold" request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) and sets a reply-waiting timer (3).

Since the held EPb supports the Remote-End Call Hold function, upon receipt of the request signal, it recognizes hold and enters a hold condition (5). It then sounds a holding tone (9) and replies with the "Remote-End Call Hold reply signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.rr] message) (10). Upon receipt of the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal (11), the holding EPa resets the timer (12) and enters the hold condition.

Fig. 12 is a timing chart (part 2) illustrating the operation of the first embodiment of the present invention, in a situation where in Fig. 10A, the holding EPa having the function according to the present invention communicates directly with the held EPc supporting only the Near-End Call Hold function.

When a "hold" key is activated (2) while a EPa-originated call is in progress (1), the holding EPa transmits to the held EPc the "Remote-End Call Hold" request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) and sets a reply-waiting timer (3). The EPc, which does not support the Remote-End Call Hold function (or method 2), cannot return the reply signal normally (6).

When the reply-waiting timer detects a timeout (T0) error, the holding EPa transmits to the EPc the Near-End Call Hold request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[holdNotific.inv] message) (8) and holding-tone information (7). Since the Near-End Call Hold request signal is so stipulated as to forcibly place other party in the hold condition regardless of whether the request signal is to be replied or not, the EPc enters the hold condition and sounds a holding tone according to the transmitted holding-tone information.

Thus, the present invention provides the holding EP with a timer for monitoring the reply signal after transmitting the Remote-End Call Hold request signal and when a timeout error is detected, transmits the Near-End Call Hold request signal and holding-tone information to the intended held EP. Therefore, the present invention can place the held EP in the hold condition, regardless of the call-hold functions the held EP supports and accordingly can solve the aforesaid problems.

Fig. 13 is a timing chart (part 1) illustrating the operation of the second embodiment of the present invention, in a situation where in Fig. 10B, the holding EPa and the held EPc both supporting only the Remote-End Call Hold function communicate with each other via the GK.

When the "Hold" key is activated (2) while the EPa-originated call is in progress (1), the holding EPa transmits to the GK the Remote-End Call Hold request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) (3). The GK forwards the Remote End Call Hold request signal received (4) to the held EPc and sets a reply-waiting timer (5).

On receipt of the Remote-End Call Hold request signal, the held EPc, which supports the Remote-End Call Hold function, generates a holding tone by itself, enters the hold condition (11) and returns the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.rr]

message) (12) to the GK.

On receipt of the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal (13), the GK resets the timer (14) and forwards the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal to the held EPa (15). On receiving the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal, the EPa recognizes hold and enters the hold condition itself.

Fig. 14 is a timing chart (part 2) illustrating the operation of the second embodiment of the present invention, in a situation where in Fig. 10B, the holding EPa supporting only the Remote-End Call Hold function communicates with the held EPb supporting only the Near-End Call Hold function though the GK having the function of the present invention.

When the "Hold" key is activated (2) while the EPa-originated call is in progress (1), the holding EPa transmits to the GK the "Remote-End Call Hold" request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] message) (3). The GK forwards the Remote-End Call Hold request signal received (4) to the held EPb (6) and sets a reply-waiting timer (5). The held EPb, which does not support the call-hold function (or method 2) for the Remote-End Call Hold request signal received (7), cannot return the reply signal (8).

When the reply-waiting timer detects a timeout error, the GK transmits to the held EPb, the Near-End Call Hold request signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[holdNotific.inv] message) (10) and holding-tone information (9). The GK also transmits the Remote End Call Hold reply signal (H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY[remoteHold.rr] message) (10) to the holding EPa.

Since the Near-End Call Hold request forcibly instructs call hold regardless of whether the request is to be replied or not, the held EPb

enters the hold condition and sounds a holding tone according to the received holding-tone information. Upon receiving the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal, the holding EPa recognizes that the held EPb has entered the hold condition and enters the hold condition itself.

Thus, the present invention provides the GK with the timer for monitoring the reply signal and when a timeout error is detected by the timer, the GK transmits to the held EP the Near-End Call Hold request signal to force the held EP into hold. At this time, the GK further generates the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal and transmits the generated reply signal to the holding EP, to make the held EP look apparently as having the Remote-End Call Hold function and having returned the reply signal. Accordingly, the present invention can put an intended EP in the hold condition irrespective of the call-hold functions the held EP supports and therefore, solve the aforesaid problems.

Figs. 15 and 16 are block diagrams of the EP and GK respectively, of the embodiment of the present invention. The EP has the same configuration as the GK and the reference numerals for the GK are parenthesized in the following description.

The EP (GK) of the present invention is comprised of a call controller 1a (2a), a hold controller 1b (2b), an H.225.0 analyzer 1e (2e), an H.450 analyzer 1c (2c), an H.225.0 editor 1f (2f), an H.450 editor 1d (2d), a TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j) and an ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k (2k).

For the known RAS (Registration, Admission and Status) functions, the EP (GK) is further comprised of an RAS controller 1g (2g), an RAS analyzer 1h (2h) and an RAS editor 1i (2i). In conjunction with the GK, the EP, when to newly connect with an IP network, registers its own

phone number and the corresponding IP address in the GK by using RAS messages and when to originate a call, obtains from the GK the destination IP address corresponding to the called EP's phone number by using the RAS messages. In order to achieve the above-mentioned RAS function, the RAS controller 1g (2g) controls the overall operations of the RAS functions. The RAS analyzer 1h (2h) analyzes the received RAS messages and the RAS editor 1i (2i) edits the RAS messages to be transmitted.

The call controller 1a (2a) performs basic call control operations. The hold controller 1b (2b) performs call control for call hold. That is, the hold controller 1b (2b) is provided with a timer (not shown) for monitoring the Remote-End Call Hold reply signal and when a timeout error is detected, outputs the Near-End Call Hold request signal to forcibly place the intended EP in the hold condition to accomplish the aforesaid call-hold functions of the present invention.

The H.225.0 analyzer 1e (2e) analyzes a received call control message according to the Recommendation H.225.0 to notify the call controller 1a (2a) of the analyzed result. The H.450 analyzer 1c (2c) analyzes a received hold control message according to the Recommendation H.450 to notify the hold controller 1b (2b) of the analyzed result.

The H.225.0 editor 1f (2f) responsive to an instruction from the call controller 1a (2a), edits the call-control message according to Recommendation H.225.0 to output the edited message to the TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j). The H.450 editor 1d (2d) responsive to an instruction from the hold controller 1b (2b), edits the hold-control message according to Recommendation H.450 to output the edited message to the TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j).

The TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j) analyzes the TCP/UDP/IP-

format message input from the ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k (2k) to report the analyzed result to the H.225.0 analyzer 1e (2e), H.450 analyzer 1c (2c) and RAS analyzer 1h (2h). It also converts the messages edited by the H.225.0 editor 1f (2f), H.450 editor 1d (2d) and RAS editor 1i (2i) into the TCP/UDP/IP-format to output the converted messages to the ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k (2k).

The ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k (2k) analyzes a message received from the IP network and notifies the TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j) of the analyzed result. It also converts the TCP/UDP/IP-format messages output from the TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j (2j) into the ETHERNET-format messages and outputs the converted messages to the IP network.

Figs. 17-18 are flowcharts illustrating the operation of the EP of the embodiment of the present invention. The operations of functional units of the EP shown in Fig. 15 are detailed based on Figs. 17-18, referring to the timing charts of Figs. 11-12. In the timing charts of Figs. 11-12 and the flow charts of Figs. 17-18, the same parenthesized reference numbers are given to the corresponding operations.

(1) When the EPa originates a call, voice communication starts between the EPa and EPb/c (EPb/c represents the EPb or the EPc depending on the call-hold functions it supports).

(2) In the EPa, when the Hold key (not shown) is pressed, the call controller 1a instructs the hold controller 1b to start the Remote-End Call Hold operation.

(3) As instructed by the hold controller 1b, the hold controller 1b instructs the H.450 editor 1d to start the Remote-End Call Hold operation and sets the reply-waiting timer.

(4) As instructed by the hold controller 1b, the H.450 editor 1d

225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.rr) message which has previously been subjected to respective analyses through the ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j and H.225.0 analyzer 1e. The H.450 analyzer 1c instructs the hold controller 1b to complete the Remote-End Call Hold operation.

(12) As instructed by the H.450 analyzer 1c, the hold controller 1b resets the reply-waitin timer and enters the hold condition.

Figs. 19-21 are flowcharts illustrating the operation of the GK of the embodiment of the present invention. The operations of functional units of the GK shown in Fig. 16 are detailed based on Figs. 19-21, referring to the timing charts of Figs. 13-14. In the timing charts of Figs. 13-14 and the flow charts of Figs. 19-21, the same parenthesized reference numbers are given to the corresponding operations.

(1) When the EPa originates a call, voice communication starts between the EPa and EPb/c through the GK (EPb/c represents the EPb or the EPc depending on the call-hold functions it supports).

(2) In the EPa, when the Hold key is pressed, the call controller 1a instructs the hold controller 1b to start the Remote-End Call Hold operation and then the hold controller 1b instructs the H.450 editor 1d to start the same operation.

(3) The H.450 editor 1d edits the "remoteHold.inv" message, which is subjected to respective editions (conversions) through the H.225.0 editor 1f, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j and ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k and then transmitted to the GK as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.inv) message.

(4) In the GK, the H.450 analyzer 2c receives from the EPa the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.inv) message which has previously been subjected to respective analyses through the ETHERNET analyzer-

editor 2k, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and H.225.0 analyzer 2e. Then, the H.450 analyzer 2c instructs the hold controller 2b to start the Remote End Call Hold operation.

(5) As instructed by the H.450 analyzer 2c, the hold controller 2b instructs the H.450 editor 2d to start the Remote-End Call Hold operation and sets the reply-waiting timer.

(6) As instructed by the hold controller 2b, the H.450 editor 2d edits the "remoteHold.inv" message, which is subjected to respective editions (conversions) through the H.225.0 editor 2f, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and ETHERNET analyzer-editor 2k and then transmitted from the GK to the EPb/c as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.inv) message.

(7) In the EPb/c, the H.450 analyzer 1c receives from the GK, the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.inv) message which has previously been subjected to respective analyses through the ETHERNET analyzer-editor 1k, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 1j and H.225.0 analyzer 1e.

(8) If the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY (remoteHold.inv) message is acceptable (i.e., the EPc), the processing goes to step (11); otherwise (i.e., the EPb) to step (9).

(9) In the GK, on detecting a timeout error in the reply-waiting timer, the hold controller 2b instructs the H.450 editor 2d to start the Near-End Call Hold operation and to complete the Remote-End Call Hold operation and outputs the holding-tone information to the H.450 editor 2d.

(10) In the GK, according to the respective instructions in step (9), the H.450 editor 2d edits the "holdNotific.inv" message and the "remoteHold.rr" message, which are subjected to editions (conversions) through the H.225.0 editor 2f, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and

ETHERNET analyzer-editor 2k and then transmitted to the EPb as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(holdNotific.inv) message and to the EPa as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.rr) message, respectively. Thus, the EPa and EPb enter the hold condition.

(11) In the EPc, on receipt of the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.inv) message from the GK, the H.450 analyzer 2c instructs the hold controller 1b to start the Remote-End Call Hold operation. Then, the hold controller 1b instructs the H.450 editor 1d to complete the Remote-End Call Hold operation and gives a holding-tone on a speaker. Thus, the EPc is placed in the hold condition.

(12) As instructed by the hold controller 1b, the H.450 editor 1d edits the "remoteHold.rr" message, which is subjected to respective editions (conversions) through the H.225.0 editor 2f, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and ETHERNET analyzer-editor 2k and then transmitted to the GK as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.rr) message.

(13) In the GK, the H.450 analyzer 2c receives from the EPc the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.rr) message which has previously been subjected to respective analyses through the ETHERNET analyzer-editor 2k, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and H.225.0 analyzer 2e. Then, the H.450 analyzer 2c instructs the hold controller 2b to complete the Remote-End Call Hold operation.

(14) As instructed by the H.450 analyzer 2c, the hold controller 2b instructs the H.450 editor 2d to complete the Remote-End Call Hold operation and resets the reply-waiting timer.

(15) As instructed by the hold controller 2b, the H.450 editor 2d edits the "remoteHold.rr" message, which is subjected to respective editions (conversions) through the H.225.0 editor 2f, TCP/UDP/IP analyzer-editor 2j and ETHERNET analyzer-editor 2k and then transmitted

to the EPa as the H.225.0 Q.931 FACILITY(remoteHold.rr) message. Thus, the EPa enters the hold condition.

According to the present invention as described above, even when a holding-party communication device (EP) differs from a held-party communication device in the call-hold methods they support, both communication devices can perform the call-hold function effectively and economically.

What is claimed is:

CLAIMS

1. A communication device which performs communication with an other party in a communication network and which has a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the other party and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the other party and by receiving a response signal, said communication device comprising:

detection means for detecting whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is transmitted; and

hold control means, in dependence upon the detecting by said detection means, for generating the first request signal and transmitting the generated first request signal to the other party.

2. In a communication network including a first communication device, a second communication device and a transit device which relays communication between the first and second communication devices, the first communication device having a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the second communication device and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the second communication device and by receiving a response signal, said transit device comprising:

detection means for detecting whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is relayed; and

hold control means, in dependence upon the detecting by said detection means, for generating the first request signal and transmitting the generated first request signal to the second

communication device and for generating the response signal and transmitting the generated response signal to the first communication device.

3. The communication device according to claim 1,
wherein the first request signal is accompanied by a signal indicating a hold condition.

4. The transit device according to claim 2,
wherein the first request signal is accompanied by a signal indicating a hold condition.

5. The communication device or transit device according to claim 1 or 2 respectively,

wherein the first request, second request and response signals are FACILITY[holdNotific.inv], FACILITY[remoteHold.inv] and FACILITY[remoteHold.rr] messages respectively, of the ITU-T Recommendation H.225.0 Q.931.

6. A communication-holding method for a communication device which performs communication with an other party in a communication network, the communication device having a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the other party and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the other party and receiving a response signal, said method comprising the steps of:

detecting whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is transmitted; and
transmitting the first request signal to the other party in

dependence upon said detecting.

7. A communication-holding method for a transit device which relays communication between first and second communication devices in a communication network, the first communication device having a first function to hold the communication by transmitting a first request signal to the second communication device and a second function to hold the communication by transmitting a second request signal to the second communication device and receiving a response signal from the second communication device, said method comprising the steps of:

detecting whether the response signal is received within a predetermined time after the second request signal is relayed; and

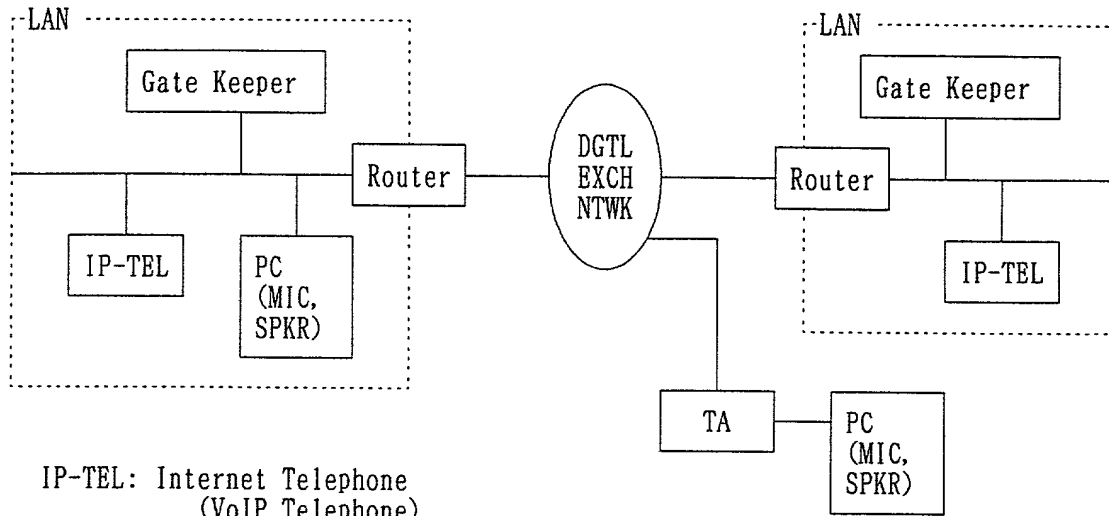
in dependence upon said detecting, for transmitting the first request signal to the second communication device and for generating the response signal and transmitting the generated response signal to the first communication device.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention relates to holding a call being executed between communication devices in a communication system which has a first function for a holding party of the communication devices to hold the call by transmitting a first request signal to a held party and a second function for the holding party to hold the call by transmitting a second request signal to the held party and receiving a response signal. The holding party transmits the second request signal first and when the response signal is not returned within a given time, transmits the first request signal. A transit device for relaying a call between communication devices, unless detecting the response signal within a given time after relaying the second request signal, transmits the first request signal to the held party, generates the response signal and transmits the generated response signal to the holding party.

Fig. 1

PRIOR ART



IP-TEL: Internet Telephone
(VoIP Telephone)
TA: Terminal Adapter

Fig. 2A

PRIOR ART

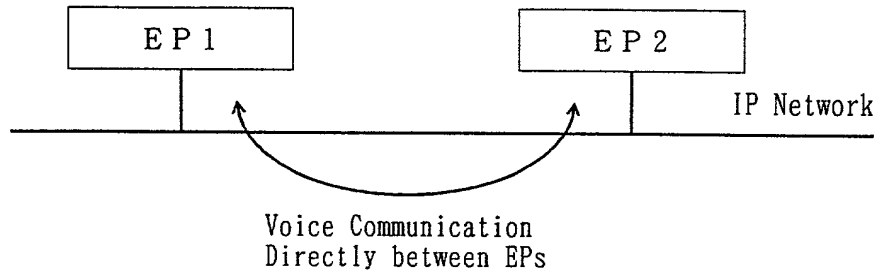


Fig. 2B

PRIOR ART

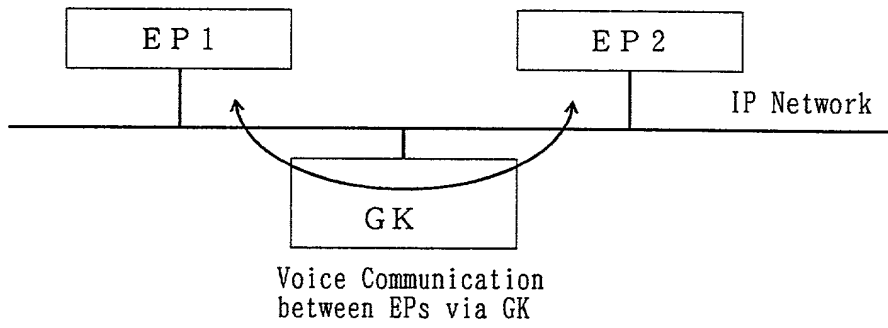


Fig. 3

PRIOR ART

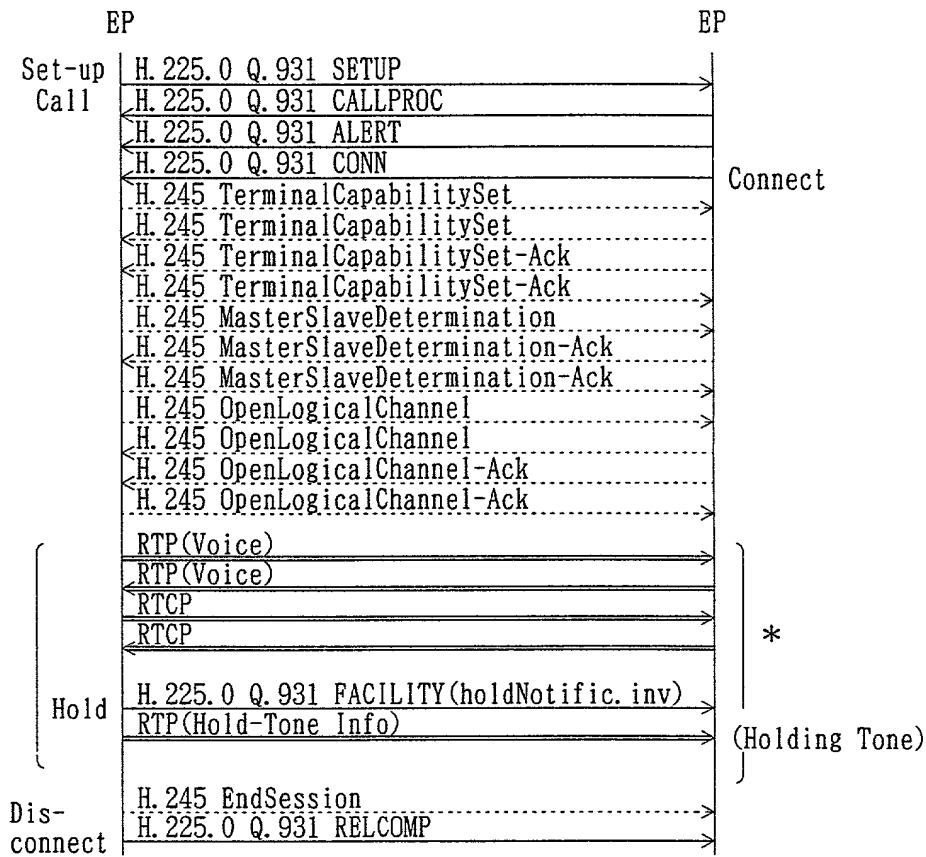


Fig. 4

PRIOR ART

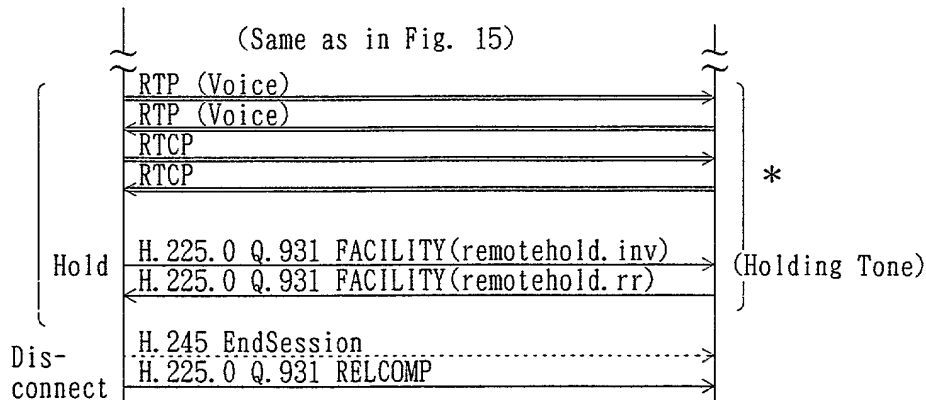


Fig. 5

PRIOR ART

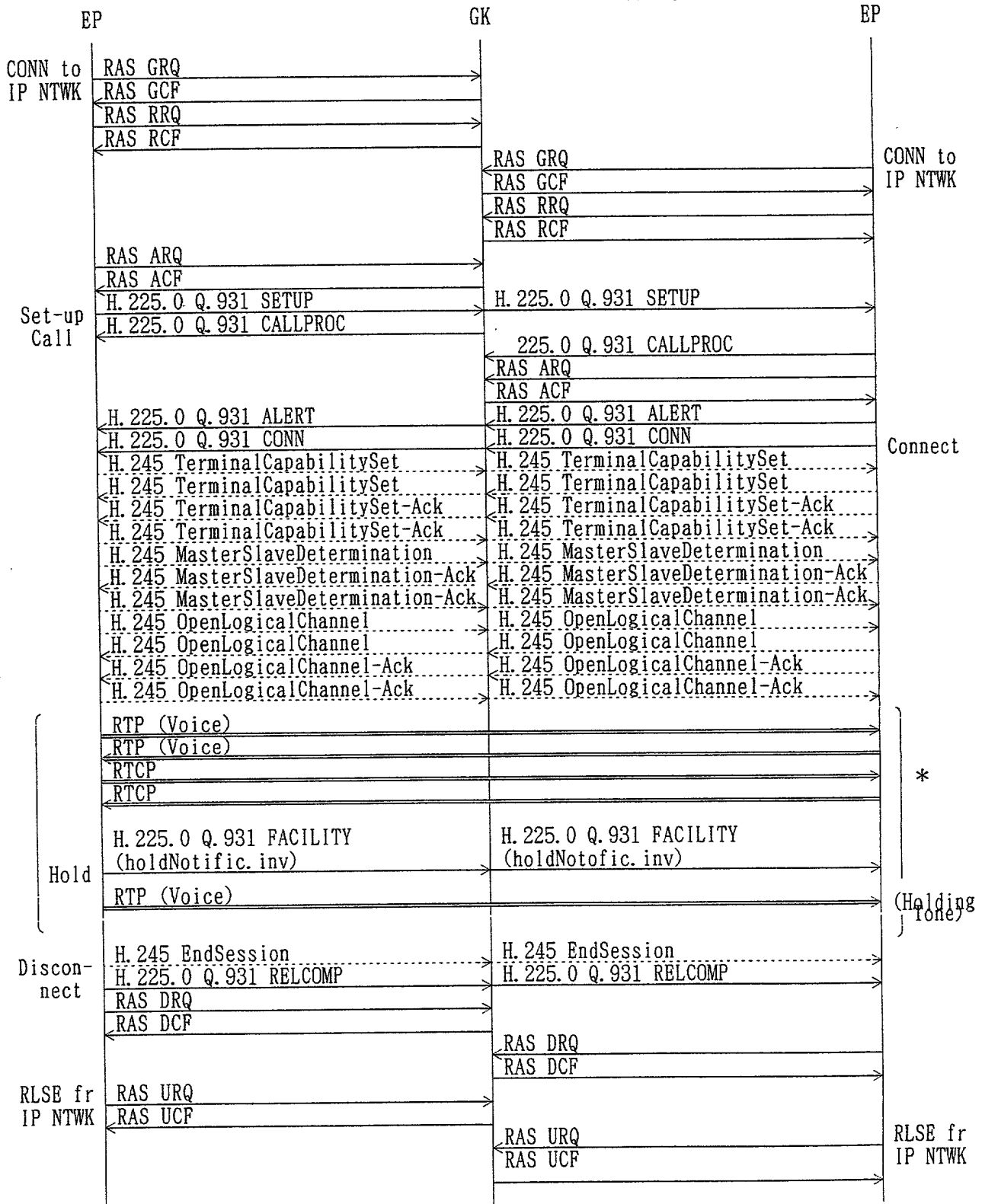


Fig. 6

PRIOR ART

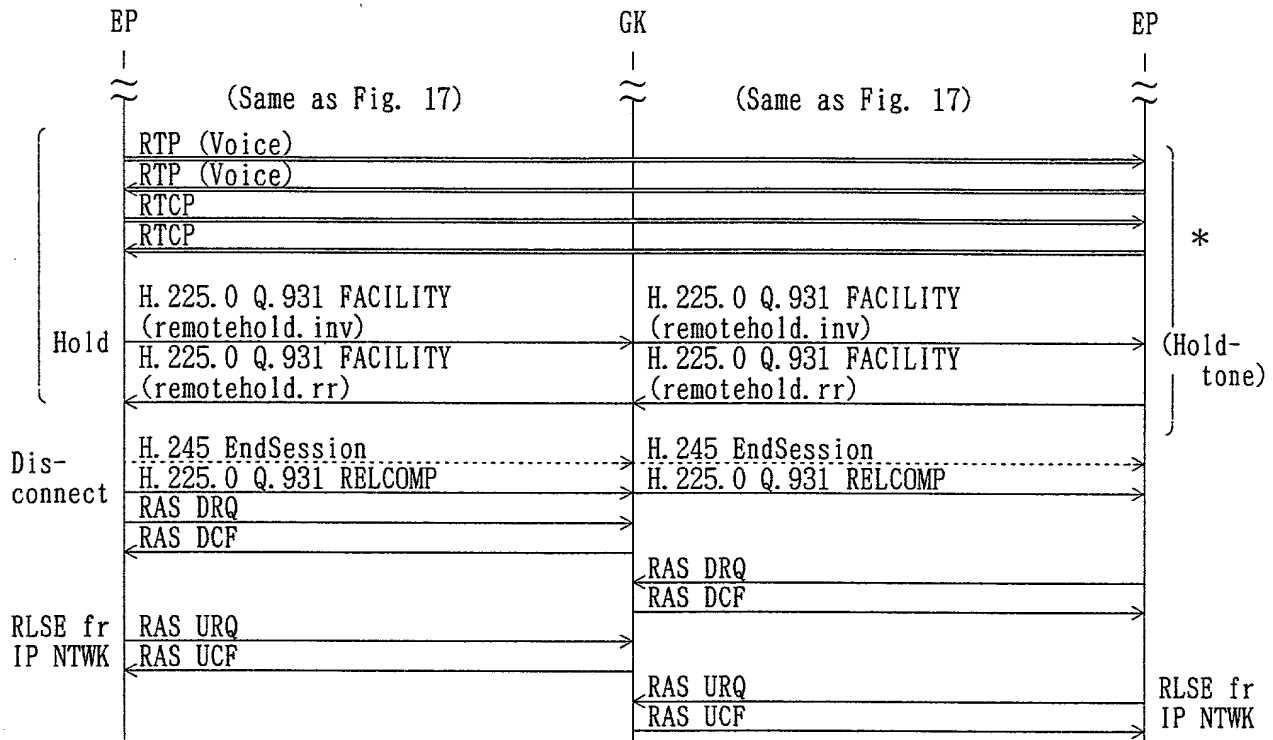


Fig. 7A

P R I O R A R T

ETHER Header (RFC 1042)	IP Header (RFC 791)	TCP Header (RFC 793)	H. 225.0 Q.931 Header (ITU-T H. 225.0)
			H. 245 Header (ITU-T H. 245)
		UDP Header (RFC 768)	RAS Header (ITU-T H. 225.0)
			RTP Header (ITU-T H. 225.0)
			RTCP Header (ITU-T H. 225.0)

Fig. 7B

P R I O R A R T

ProtocolDiscriminator	08[H]
Call Reference	(Number)
Message Type	FACILITY
Information Element Type	User User Information

Fig. 8

PRIOR ART

Ether Header	Destination MAC Address
	Source MAC Address
	Protocol:IP
	FCS
IP Header	Version:4
	Length
	Type of service
	Packet length
	ID
	Fragmentation Info
	Time to live
	Prtocol: UDP
	Header checksum
	Source address
UDP Header	Destination address
	Source port
	Destination port
	length
	Checksum
RTP Header	Version
	P bit/X bit
	CSRC Count

Maker Type bit
Payload type
Sequence Number
Time Stamp
Synchronization Source Identifier
Payload Data (Voice Info & Holding-Tone Info)

Fig. 9A

PRIOR ART

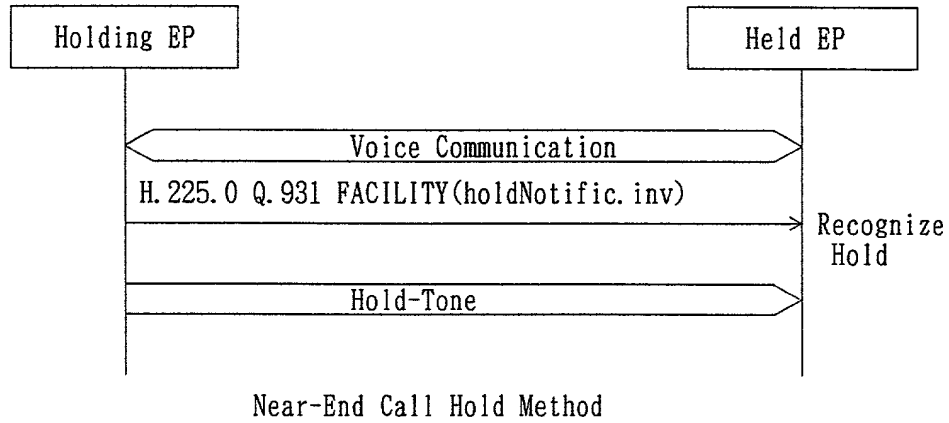


Fig. 9B

PRIOR ART

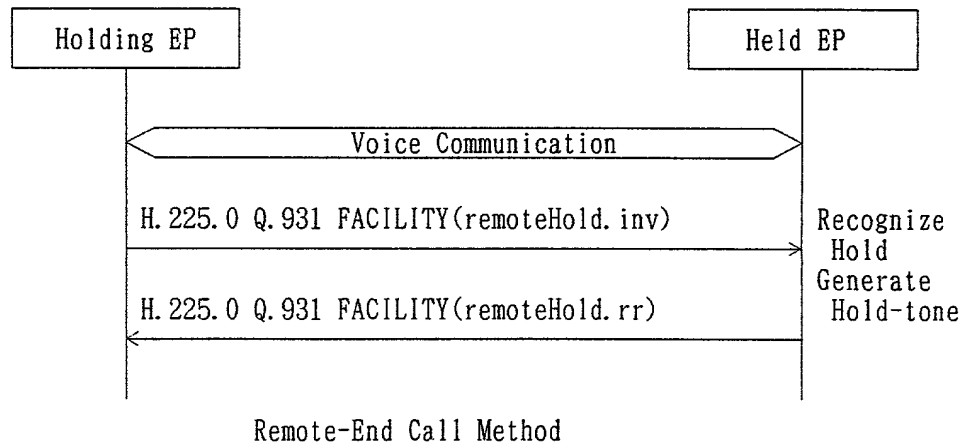


Fig. 10A

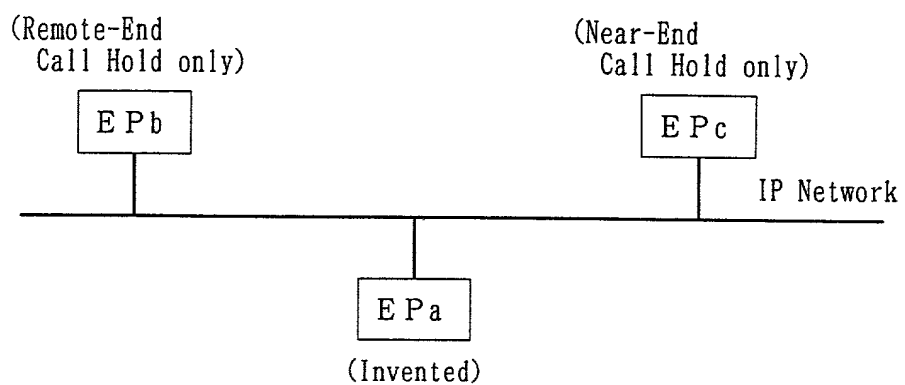


Fig. 10B

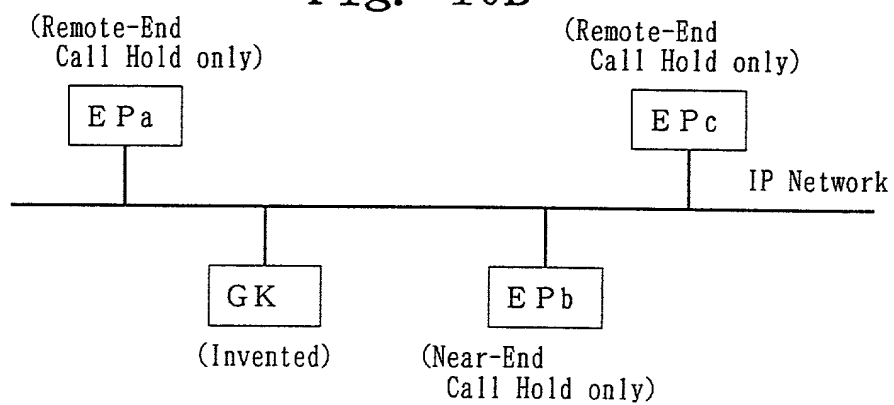


Fig. 11

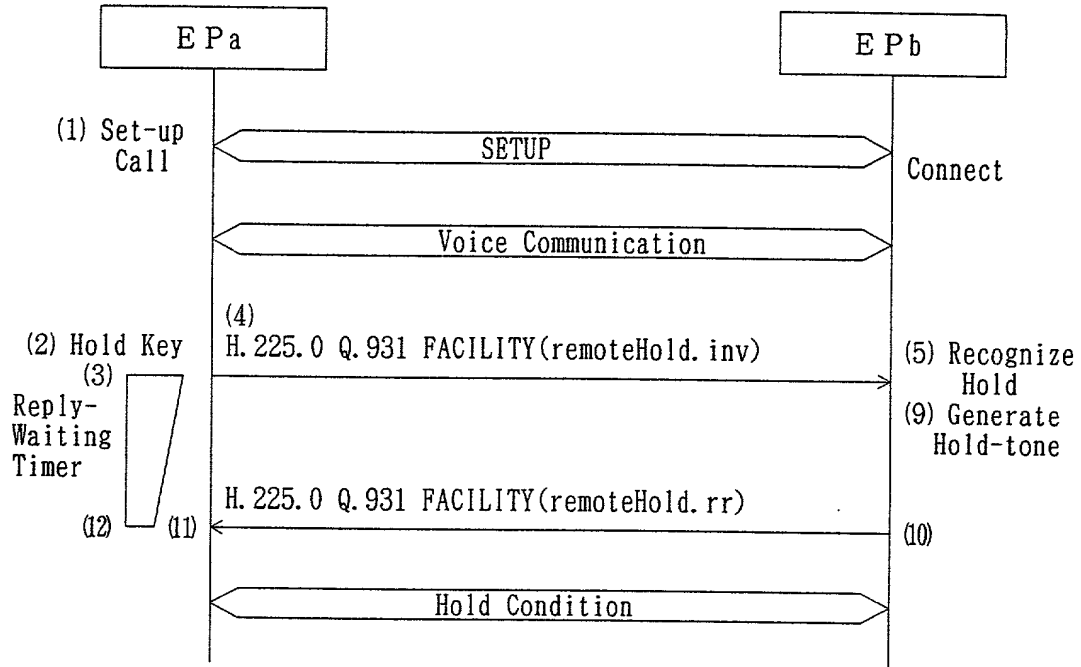


Fig. 12

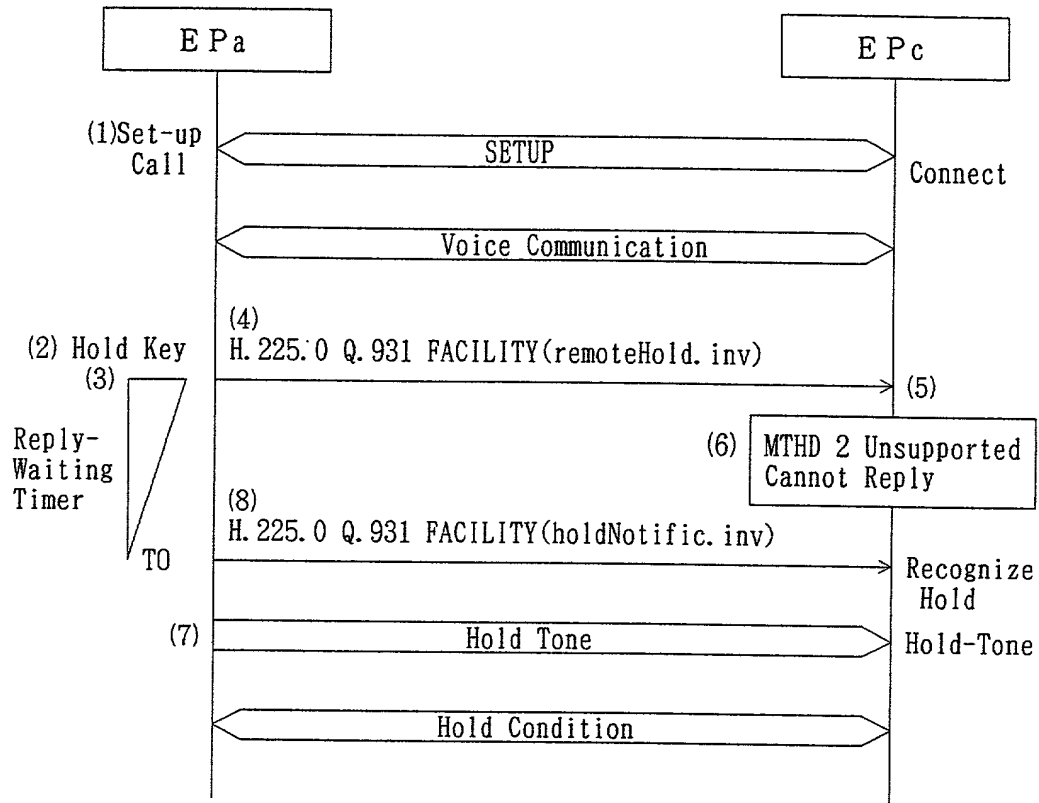


Fig. 13

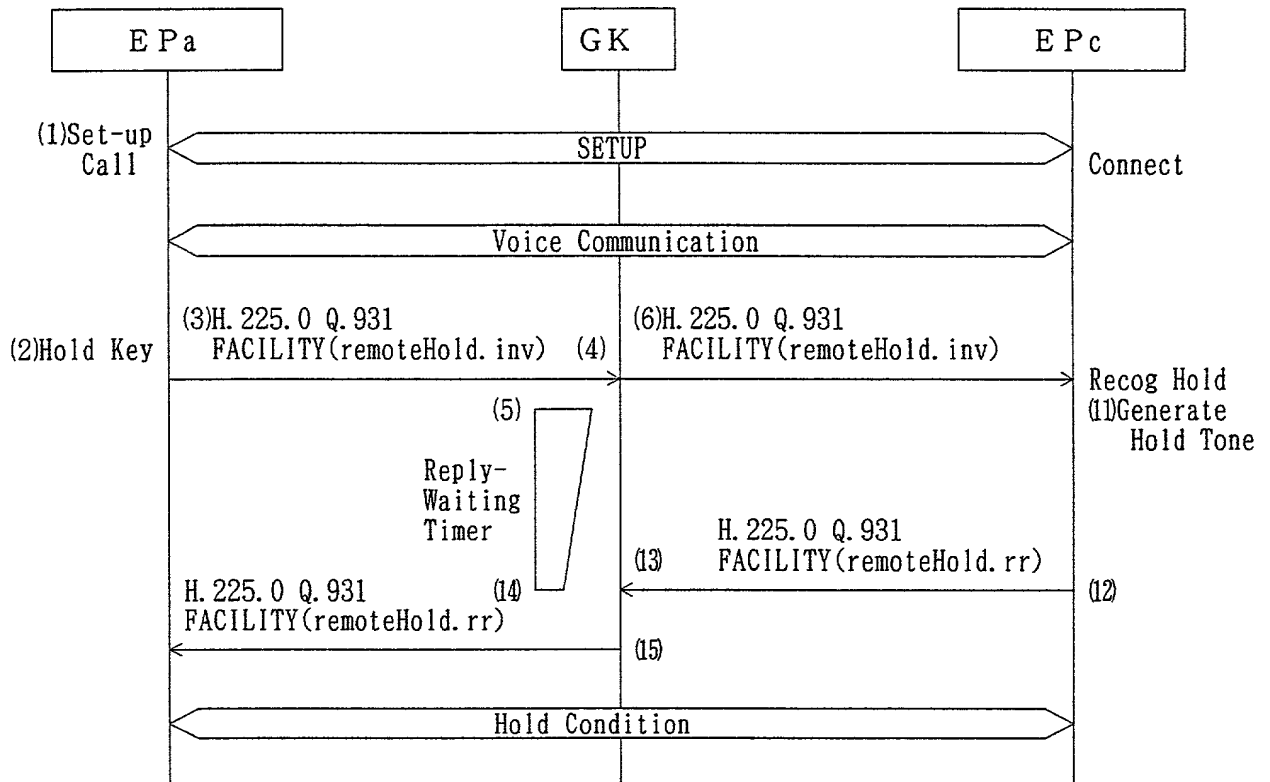


Fig. 14

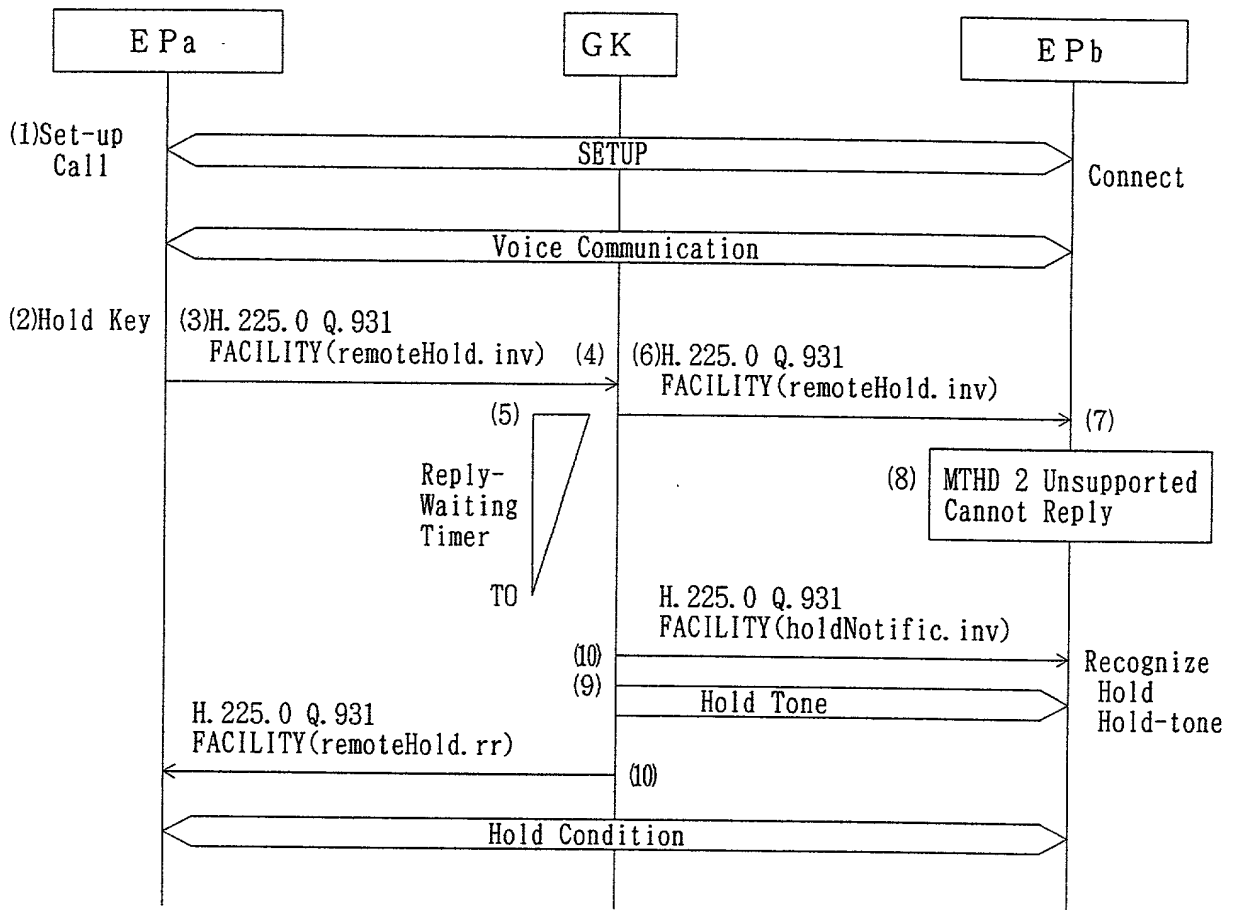


Fig. 15

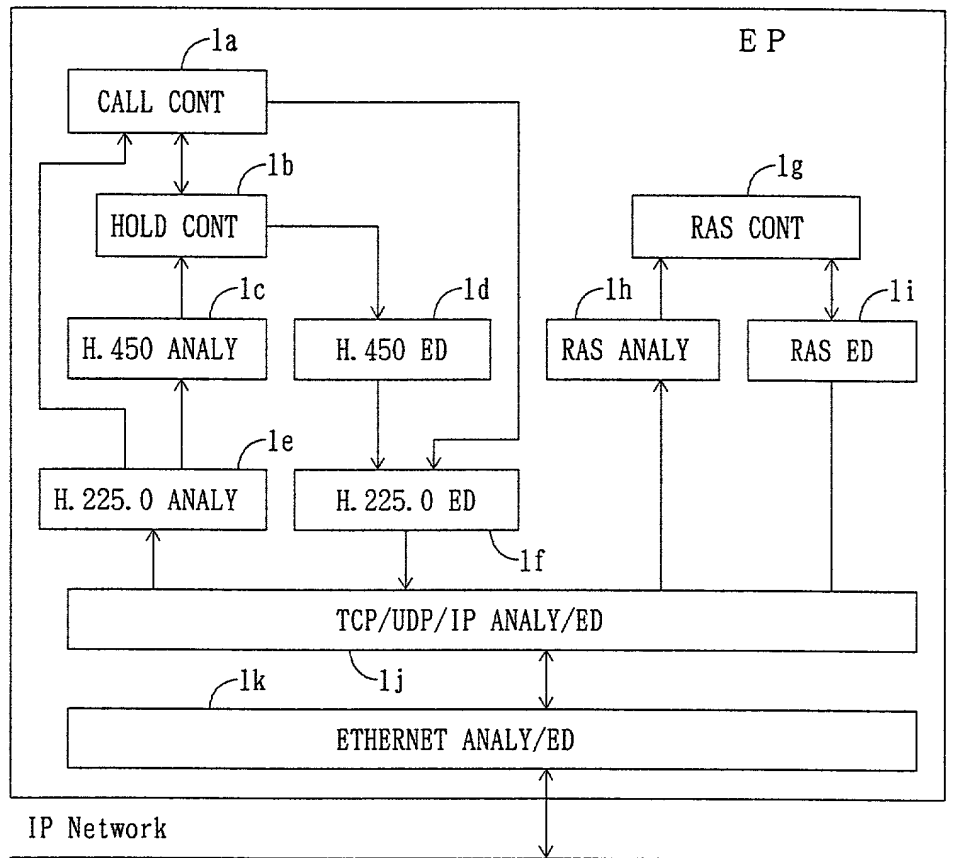


Fig. 16

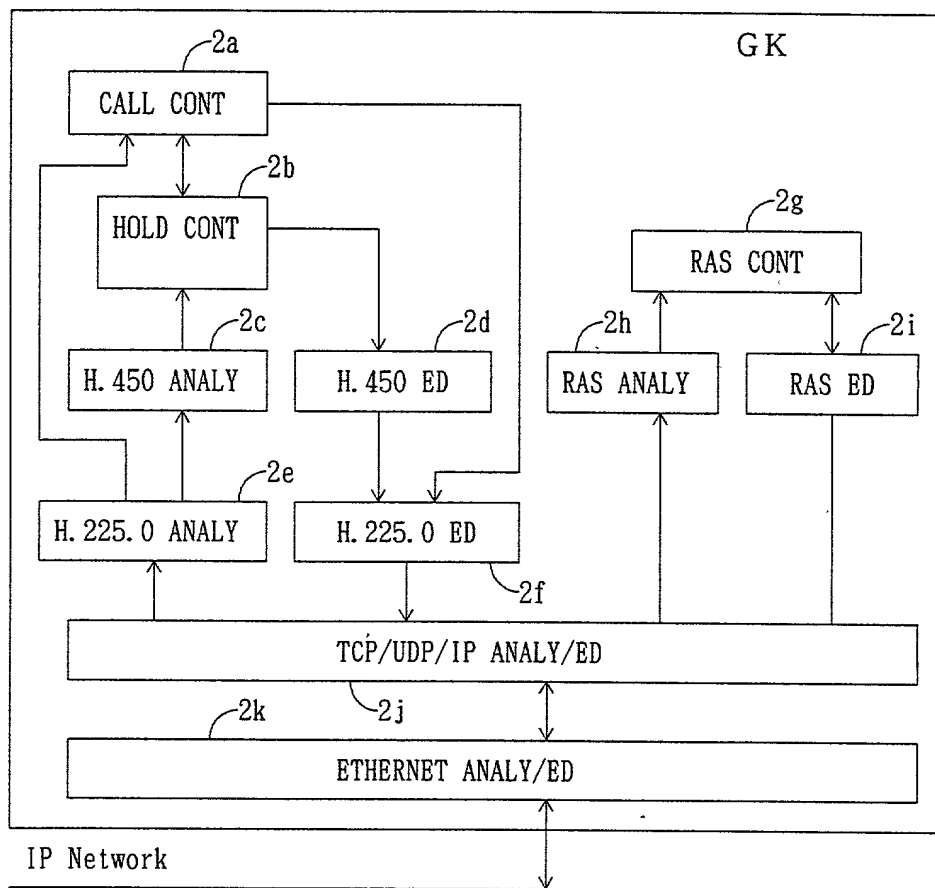


Fig. 17

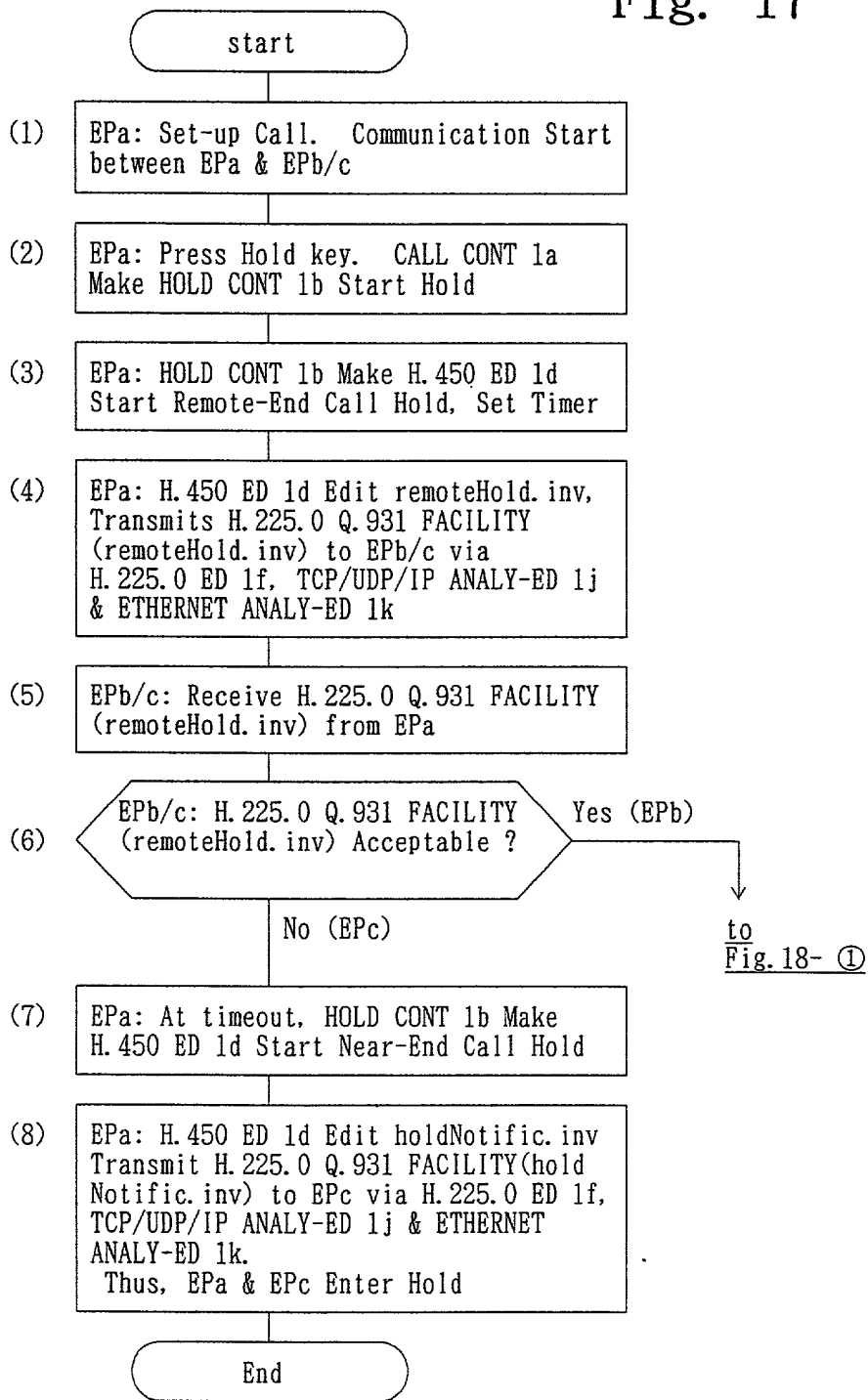


Fig. 18

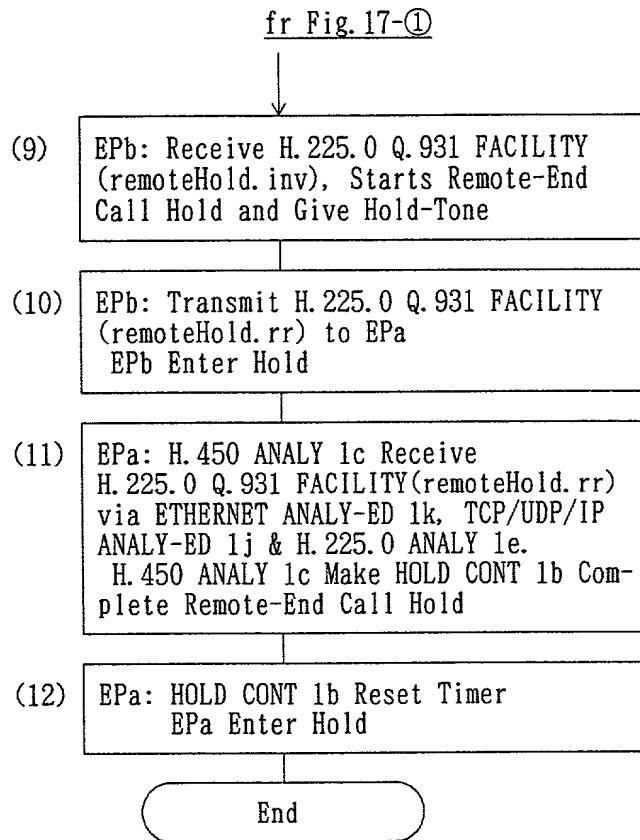


Fig. 19

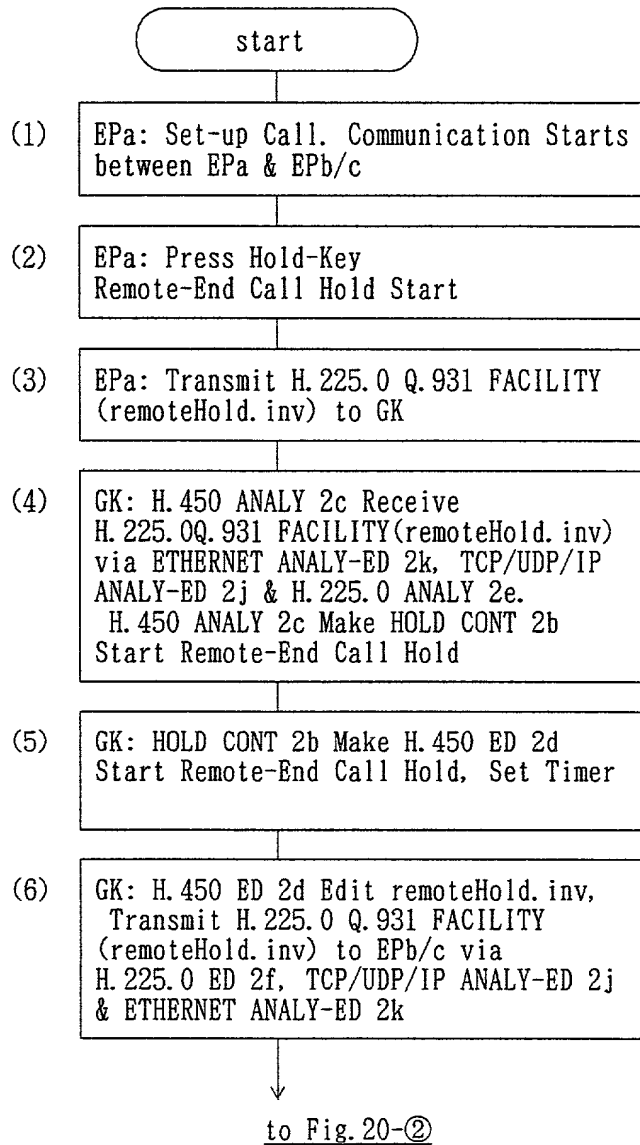


Fig. 20

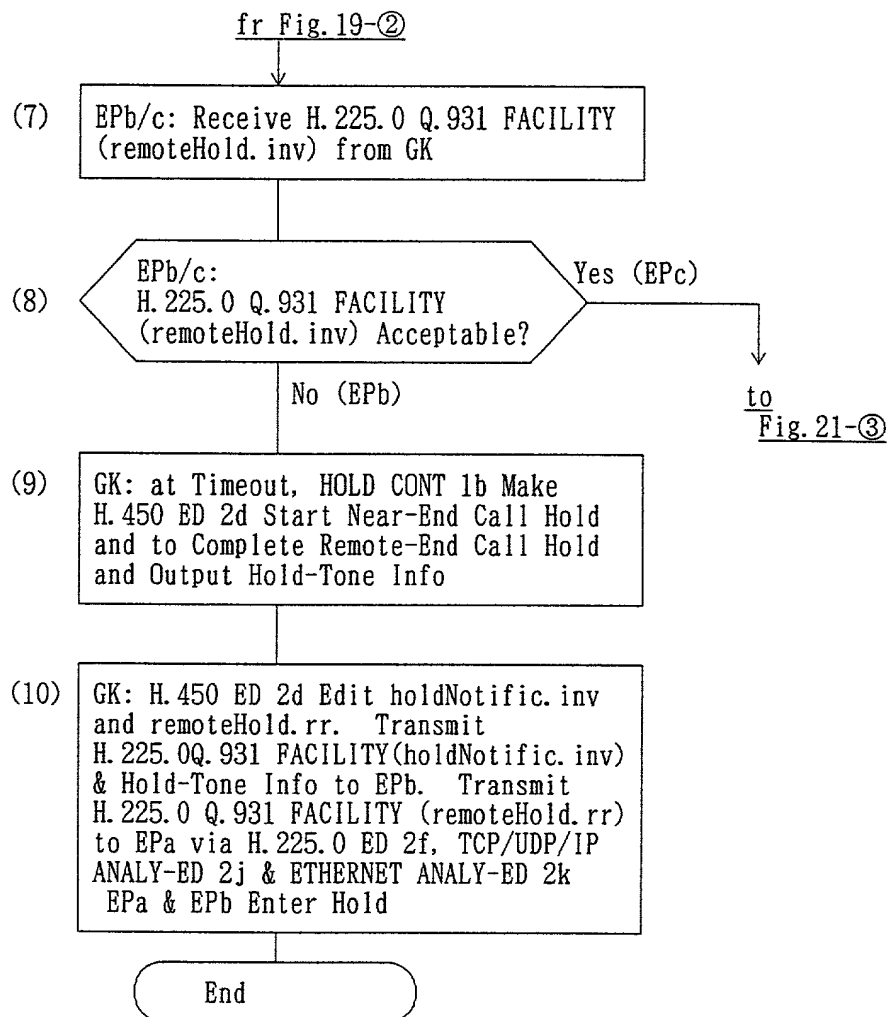
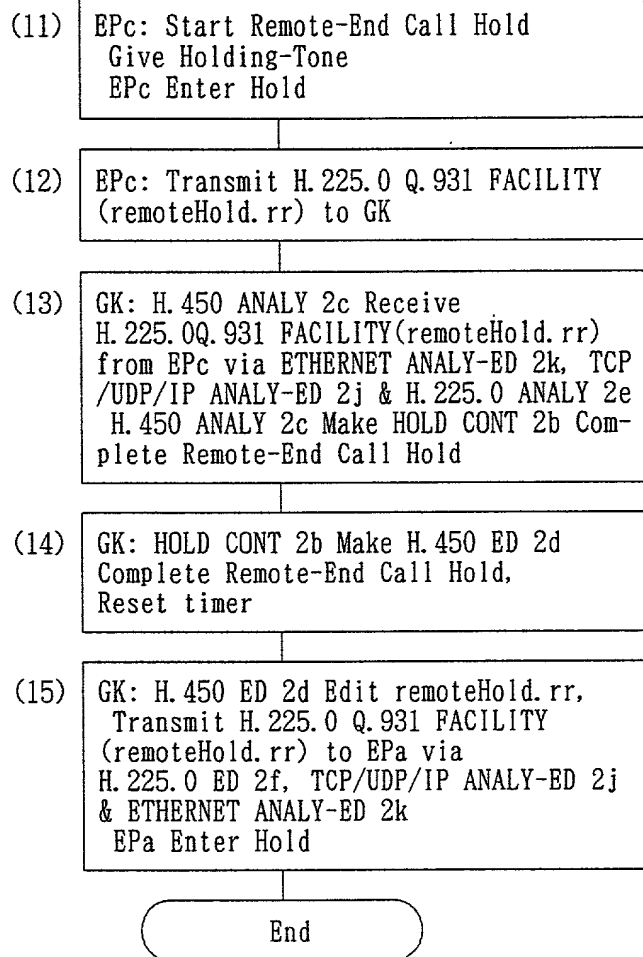


Fig. 21

fr
Fig. 20- ③



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A COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND TRANSIT DEVICE
HAVING A CALL-HOLD FUNCTION AND A METHOD
FOR CONTROLLING THE FUNCTION

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外国での先行出願
2000-35042

Japan

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Priority Not Claimed

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14/February/2000

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
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(Day/Month/Year Filed)
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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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私書箱		Post Office Address c/o FUJITSU KANSAI-CHUBU NET-TECH LIMITED, 2-53, Shiromi 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 540-0001 Japan	
第四共同発明者		Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any Yasutaka IWASAKI	
第四共同発明者	日付	Fourth inventor's signature <i>Yasutaka Iwasaki</i>	Date Nov. 2, 2000
住 所		Residence Kawasaki, Japan	
国 籍		Citizenship Japan	
私書箱		Post Office Address c/o FUJITSU LIMITED, 1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa 211-8588 Japan	
第五共同発明者		Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any	
第五共同発明者	日付	Fifth inventor's signature	Date
住 所		Residence	
国 籍		Citizenship	
私書箱		Post Office Address	
第六共同発明者		Full name of sixth joint inventor, if any	
第六共同発明者	日付	Sixth inventor's signature	Date
住 所		Residence	
国 籍		Citizenship	
私書箱		Post Office Address	

(第七以降の共同発明者についても同様に記載し、署名をすること)

(Supply similar information and signature for seventh and subsequent joint inventors.)

THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the Application of: **Satoru FUKUSHIMA et al.**

Filed : **Concurrently herewith**

For : **A COMMUNICATION DEVICE AND TRANSIT
DEVICE HAVING A CALL-HOLD FUNCTION
AND A METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE
FUNCTION**

Serial No. : **Concurrently herewith**

November 20, 2000

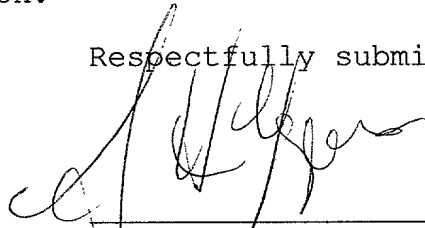
Assistant Commissioner of Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

SUB-POWER OF ATTORNEY

S I R:

I, Samson Helfgott, Reg. No. 18,923 attorney of record
herein, do hereby grant a sub-power of attorney to Linda S.
Chan, Reg. No. 42,400, Harris A. Wolin, Reg. No. 39,432 and
Brian S. Myers, Reg. No. 46,947 to act and sign in my behalf in
the above-referenced application.

Respectfully submitted,



Samson Helfgott
Reg.No 23,072

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